

Kentucky



Tribune.

Devoted to News, Politics, Literature, Internal Improvement and General Information.

VOL. XIII.—NO. 23.

DANVILLE, KY., FRIDAY MORNING, JANUARY 18, 1856.

WHOLE NO. 645.

KENTUCKY TRIBUNE.

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JNO. F. ZIMMERMAN & SON.

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TERMS.

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At the end of the year, 3.00
No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publishers.

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Marriages and Deaths, published free.
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JOB-WORK.

Of every description, promptly attended to in the best style, on reasonable terms.

Professional Cards.

F. T. & P. C. FOX.

Attorneys at Law,
DANVILLE, KY.

Will attend to all business entrusted to them in Boyle and the adjoining counties.

dec 14 '55 tf

J. F. BELL. JOHN COWAN.
BELL & COWAN,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
DANVILLE, KY.

HAVING associated themselves together in the practice of their profession, will give faithful attention to all business entrusted to their care in Boyle and the adjoining counties.

Oct 14 '55 tf

J. L. BOLLING,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
Main-Street, Perryville, KY.,
Will attend to all business entrusted to him in Boyle and the adjoining counties.

Sept 7 '55 ly

BOYLE & ANDERSON.
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
DANVILLE, KY.

Will continue to practice law in partnership in Boyle and adjoining counties.

Office on Main-street, opposite the Court House.

jan 24 '55

SPEED S. FRY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
DANVILLE, KY.

Will practice in the Courts of Boyle and the adjoining counties. Any business confided to him, will be promptly attended to.

Feb 27 '52 tf

T. P. YOUNG,
Attorney at Law,
DANVILLE, KY.

Will practice in the various Courts of Boyle and the adjoining counties. He will act as agent for the sale or lease of Real Estate or Personal Property, and render promptly to business men, either as an Attorney or General Collector. All business entrusted to him shall be faithfully and speedily attended to, and returns punctually forwarded.

Office on Main-street, opposite Court-house.

jan 13 '55 tf [jan 18 '55]

GEO. P. NEWLIN,
SURGICAL AND MECHANICAL
DENTIST,
DANVILLE, KENT'Y.

OFFICE—Up stairs, over Mr. J. H. Caldwell's Store. Entrance on Main street.

jan 18 '55, if

DR. E. GOWAY

TENDERS his Professional services to the citizens of Danville and vicinity.

He will practice in the various branches of his profession.

Office on Main-street, next door to Mr. W. S. Hickman's Store, in the room formerly occupied by the Post Office.

Sept 29 '54 tf

DR. JAMES HUNTER

Has determined to remain in Danville, and will devote his attention entirely to the practice of the various branches of his profession.

Office up-stairs over Mr. Bud's Silversmith Shop, in the brick building nearly opposite the Branch Bank.

Jan 2 '55 tf

Business Notices.

C. F. MEYER,
DEALER IN PIANOS,
Music and Musical Instruments,

Corner of Main and Mulberry sts. (up stairs),

LEXINGTON, KY.

ENTRANCE—The Phoenix steps on Mulberry street, opposite the Phoenix Hotel.

Planes turned and repaired usual.

Sept 15 '54 tf

J. C. HEWEY,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Confectioneries and Candies,
Fine Groceries,
OREGON AND DOMESTIC FRUITS,
Perfumery and Fancy Articles,
Gigars and Tobacco; Wines and
Gins; Oysters, &c., &c.,

No. 23, Main street,

DANVILLE, KY.

Jan 14 '55

WATKINS & OWSLEY,
Commission Merchants, Provision
and Tobacco Brokers.

NO. 266, MAIN STREET,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Jan 14 '55

No. 1 Chewing Tobacco.

6 DIFFERENT brands of superior Virginia Chewing Tobacco, for sale by

L. D. DIMMICK.

april 13

A Pure Article of Cider Vinegar

FOR sale by

WM. M. STOUT.

May 16

Selected Poetry.

BENNY.

I had told him, Christmas morning,
As he sat upon my knee,
Holding fast his little stockings,
Stuffed as full as could be,
And attentive listening to me,
With a face demure and mild,
That old Santa Claus, who filled them,
Did not love a naughty child.

"But we'll be good, won't we moder?"
And from off my lap he slid,
Diggings deep among the goodies
In his crimson stockings hid;

While I turned me to my table,
Where a tempting goblet stood,
Brimming high with dainty egg-nog,
Sent me by a neighbor good.

But the kitten, there before me,
With his white paw, nothing loth,
Sat, by way of entertainment,
Slapping off the shining froth;

And in not the gentlest humor,
At the loss of such a treat,
I confess, I rather rudely

Thrush him out into the street.

Then, how Benny's blue eyes kindled!
Gathering up the precious store

He had bustly been pouring
In his tiny pinafore,
With a generous look that shamed me,
Sprang he from the carpet bright,
Showing, by his mein indignant,
All a baby's sense of right.

"Come back, Harney!" called he, kindly.
As he held his apron white,

"You shall have my candy wabbit!"

But the door was fastened tight;

In the centre of the floor,
With defeated look alternate
Bent on me and on the door.

Then, as by some sudden impulse,
Quickly ran he to the fire,
And while eagerly his bright eyes
Watched the flames go high and higher,

In a brave, clear key he shouted,
Some like lonely little elf,

"Santa Kaus, come down de chimney,
Make my moder 'have herself'!"

"I will be a good girl, Benny."

Said I, feeling the reproach,
And straightway recalled poor Harney.

Mewling on the gallery roof,
Soon the anger was forgotten,

Laughter chased away the frown,
And they gambol'd 'neath the live-oaks

Till the dusky night came down.

In my dim, fire-lighted chamber,
Harney purred beneath my chair,

And my play worn boy beside me
Kneel to say his evening prayer:

"God bess fader,"—God bess moder,
God bess sister,"—then a pause,

And the sweet young lips devoutly
Murmured, "God bess Santa Kaus!"

He is sleeping,—brown and silken
Lie the lashes, long and meek,

Like caressing, clinging shadows
On his plump, and clinging cheek;

And I bend above him, weeping
Thankful tears—Oh, Undefiled!

For a woman's crown of glory,
For the blessing of a child.

But, tel' yer what, I had rather a poor night.

Sometimes I was awake groanin', an' when I

was asleep I'd better bin awake, for I had such

powerful dreams. Sometimes I thought I was

skinrin' a bar, an' then by some hecuse-pogun'

would all change t'other side to, an' the fatal

critter would be a skinrin' me.

Then again, I thought I was rollin' logs

with the boys, an' jist as I'd be a sheutin' out—

"now then!—here goes!"—everything would

get reversed agin—I was a log, an' the boys

were prying me up with their handspikes—

Then I'd wake up an' screamin' roar—then

off to sleep again—to dream that Spanker had

ran away with me, or that father was whooping

me, or some other playg thing till mornin'.

When I got up I hadn't any appetite for breakfast, an' the tavern keeper told me that if I was

an' then was still wallowin' away inside; so I

I went out and ear a quarter's worth of istern an' a piece of mince pie. Then I went back an' told the tavern keeper I fel' sick and sick, and that I'd take some Caster ile, a mouthful of cold meat and a strong glass of whiskey punch, an' then go to bed. He got the fixens, which I took an' went to bed.

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The Kentucky Tribune.

DANVILLE, KY.

Friday, Jan. 18, 1856.

KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE.

IN SENATE.

Wednesday, June 9, 1856.

REPORT FROM STANDING COMMITTEES.

Mr. HARRIS—County Court—A bill to legalize the subscriptions of the Garrick County Court to the Danville, Dixie and Lancaster Turnpike Road Company: passed.

Same—A bill to amend the 6th section of an act incorporating the Danville, Dixie and Lancaster Turnpike Road Company: passed.

Mr. BURTON—a bill to amend the charter of the Perryville Seminary.

Mr. BURTON—a bill to incorporate the Merchants Deposit Bank of Danville.

HOUSE.

MONDAY, Jan. 14, 1856.

Same—a bill establishing the county of Jackson was reported.

[Established out of parts of Madison, Rockcastle, Laurel, Clay, Estill, and Owsley, and calling the county seat "McKee."]

After some debate, the bill was rejected.

IN SENATE.

TUESDAY, Jan. 15, 1856.

Mr. CONKLIN—(House Bill)—Proposed and Grievances—a bill to establish the county of Rowan: passed.

Mr. KOHLHASS—Internal Improvement—a bill to incorporate the Hustonville and McKinney Station Turnpike Road Company: passed.

Colonel Kinney is still at San Juan del Norte. A large number of his men have recently joined Walker.

An expedition under Rivas, son of the President had fortified themselves near Castillo Rapids, and threatened to seize the Transit Company's steamer and the property of the passengers. But Com. Spaulding, at the request of the Company, sent forward another party, when Rivas and his party fled.

A bill for the benefit of the Kentucky Institution for the education of the Deaf and Dumb: made the special order of the day for to-morrow.

HOUSE.

TUESDAY, Jan. 15, 1856.

The House reconsidered the vote rejecting the bill to establish the county of Jackson and after considerable debate the vote was again taken on the passage of the bill, and it was rejected, yeas 39, nays 53.

REPORT FROM A SELECT COMMITTEE.

Mr. HELM—a bill to aid counties that have or may subscribe to the construction of railroads, and to promote internal improvements and common school education: rejected.

Later from Europe.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.

The steamer Atlantic arrived at 3 o'clock this afternoon. She brings Liverpool dates of the 29th ult. and London dates of the 31st.

Lieper Dec. 29.—Cotton quiet, sales for the week 24,000 bales; prices drooping—buyers demand a reduction; Orleans middling 5.11-16, Orleans fair 6.2. Sales to exporters 1,000 bales; to speculators 4,000 bales.

All authorities report breadstuffs in large supply but limited demand. Wheat 3d lower; flour 1st corn 18d to 2s lower.

Brown & Shipyre quote breadstuffs declined 1s. Western canal flour 41; Ohio 42s. Corn declined 2s; mixed 42d; yellow 43; white 48s. Provisions dull and unchanged.

Consols declined to 83 5 8.

It is rumored that Denmark is about to join the alliance.

The propositions are kept strictly private, but it was believed that Russia would accept them, were it not that England demands indemnity, which Russia backed by Austria, absolutely refuses.

Mr. BLAIN—To bring in a bill to amend the charter of the Knob Lick and Stanford turnpike road company; internal improvement.

Same—To bring in a bill incorporating Hawkin's branch turnpike road company; internal improvement.

Mr. BLAUN—A bill to amend the charter of the town of Danville; judiciary.

HOUSE.

THURSDAY, Jan. 10th,

REPORTED BILLS.

A bill to prevent negro stealing, and the committee asked to be discharged from its further consideration.

Mr. NUTTALL begged leave to read the bill and move to instruct the committee to report the bill, and said he would call for the negro and nays.

Mr. McELROY spoke against the bill, and said that if you annex the deer property to the crime of tampering with deer, it would be a bill in nine categories which the bill provides, in nine cases out of ten a jury from sentiments of humanity would acquit.

The motion to instruct the committee was lost, and the committee was discharged from the further consideration of the bill.

Mr. FOGL—A bill for the benefit of R. B. Pepper, a citizen of Woodford county, praying to be relieved of the penalty of the law incurred for having challenged P. Marion county to fight a duel.

The bill after some debate on the part of several members, was finally referred to the judiciary.

IN SENATE.

SATURDAY, Jan. 12.

Leave was given to bring in the following bills, which were appropriately referred, viz.:

Mr. HAGGON—A bill for the better protection of slave property.

Mr. HARDIN—A bill for the benefit of and to increase the Common School fund by giving all the fines and forfeitures hereafter recovered in the prosecutions for gambling of every kind, except that part now allowed by law to the Commonwealth attorneys.

Mr. HAGGON—A bill to amend the existing law in relation to interest.

Several bills which passed in the House yesterday were taken up, and referred to appropriate committees.

A number of local bills were passed.

HOUSE.

SATURDAY, Jan. 12.

A bill establishing the county of Rowan: passed.

Established out of parts of Fleming and Morgan counties, and naming the county seat Morehead.]

A bill to regulate the standard weight of certain products: passed.

[Reduces the standard weight of potatos from 63 to 56 pounds to the bushel.]

Leave was given to bring in the following bills, which were appropriately referred.

Mr. DUNN—A bill for the benefit of the Lancaster and Crab Orchard turnpike roads.

Mr. HAGGON—A bill to incorporate the town of Bryantsville in Garrard county.

Mr. WHITELEY—bill to incorporate the Powell Mining and Manufacturing Company.

Same—a bill authorizing the advertisement of sales of property under decrees.

Same—a bill to incorporate the State Agricultural Association.

IN SENATE.

MONDAY, Jan. 14, 1856.

Mr. KOHLHASS—(House Bill)—Internal Improvement—a bill to amend the charter of the Greensburg and Taylor county Turnpike Road Company: passed.

Same—(House Bill)—a bill to incorporate the Taylor county and Muldrow's Hill Turnpike Road Company: passed.

in Paris, the authorship of which is attributed to the Emperor. It strongly advocates peace, and is headed "The necessity for a Congress to pacify Europe." The London Times eulogizes the pamphlet with severity.

Arrival of the Northern Light.

Later from California, Nicaragua, Oregon, &c.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—The steamship Northern Light arrived at a late hour last night from San Juan via Key West with California dates to December 29th. She brings \$60,000, in specie and upwards of 300 passengers. The specie was consigned to Metropolitan Bank \$250,000, Drexel & Co., \$200,000.

The matters at Nicaragua are said to be in one of considerable interest, as a number of valuable reports are expected from the various committees appointed for that purpose at the last meeting.

The necessary arrangements will be made for the holding, and ample accommodations will be afforded for all who may attend on the occasion.

Mr. FILLMORE.—At a recent meeting of the American County Convention of Monroe, New York, the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That in the judgment of this Convention MILLARD FILLMORE has the strongest hold both on the confidence and the affections of the American people of any living Statesman, and he is our first choice as a candidate of the American Party for President of the United States.

This property will suit admirably for a Tavern Stand, being well arranged for such a purpose, and affording the premises an excellent STABLE and LOFT, which I also wish to sell: The Stable being large enough to stand 30 horses, with sheds all around it, and a rat-proof corn crib. The Loft contains about 3 Acres, divided into 3 Lots, with never-failing water in each.

I have also for sale, either with the above named property, or separately, as desired, a Tavern Stand, being well arranged for such a purpose, and affording the premises an excellent STABLE and LOFT, which I also wish to sell: The Stable being large enough to stand 30 horses, with sheds all around it, and a rat-proof corn crib. The Loft contains about 3 Acres, divided into 3 Lots, with never-failing water in each.

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The Kentucky Tribune.



JNO. F. ZIMMERMAN & SON—Editors.

DANVILLE, KY.:

Friday, January 18, 1856.

We are indebted to Hon. A. G. TALBOT, for late Washington papers.

Mr. G. F. Lee, our Representative in the Legislature, will accept our thanks for late papers.

CENTRAL BANK.—A semi-annual dividend of 4 per cent. upon the capital stock of this institution was declared by the Directors on the 1st inst.

The medical office of Dr. J. M. MEYER, in this county, was partially destroyed by fire a few mornings since.

PROPOSITION FOR A NEW BANK.—We see by the proceedings of the Legislature on Monday last, that on that day Mr. BURTON asked and obtained leave to bring a bill into the Senate incorporating the "Merchants' Deposit Bank of Danville."

THE State Convention of the American party is to meet at Frankfort, on Wednesday next. We hope to be enabled to meet there a good delegation of "Sam's" from every county in the State.

The latest news from California, Nicaragua, Oregon, &c., will be found in another part of our paper.

FOREIGN NEWS—THE PEACE PROSPECTS.—The news from Europe by the last steamer in, will be found in another column.

The peace rumors remain about as before reported. Russia declines to indemnify the Allies for losses sustained by the war, and that, it is supposed, will be one of the main points insisted on by England. The present prospects indicate that another campaign will be required to settle the matter.

CENTRAL HOUSE STABLES.—Mr. G. G. CARPENTER, well and favorably known as the late proprietor of the Batterton House Stables, has taken the large Stables connected with the Central House, where his old patrons and the public will find him prepared to supply them with horses, buggies, hacks, &c., as well as to attend to all the other departments of the livery business. See advertisement.

THE VALLEY FARMER.—We have received the January number of this valuable agricultural monthly, now published simultaneously at St. Louis and Louisville. It is edited by Messrs. NORMAN J. COLEMAN, EBRAHIM ABBOTT, and H. P. BYRNE, the latter gentleman for some time past agricultural editor of the Louisville Journal. The number before us contains a large amount of useful reading suited to the wants of the farmer, stock raiser and gardener, besides articles on other subjects of interest to nearly every class of readers. We believe the "Valley Farmer" is eminently deserving of patronage, and we therefore heartily recommend it to the favorable regard of such of our readers as desire to subscribe for an agricultural periodical of the first class. Terms—One copy one year \$1, (variably in advance) six copies \$5; ten copies \$8. Letters and subscriptions from Kentucky or contiguous States, to be addressed to H. P. Byrne, Louisville.

THE New York Legislature is in about the same fix as the national House of Representatives. At last, however, all attempts to elect a Speaker had failed, the American candidate receiving the highest vote, though not a majority, and the Democrats being divided into the Hard and Soft factions, each having a candidate of its own. It is reported that the Democracy have been endeavoring to unite, and a dispatch from Albany of the 15th announces the withdrawal of the Hard candidate from the contest. Since then we have no further advices.

THE Richmond (Va.) Whig, commenting on the President's Message, aptly remarks: "Some two or three columns of the message are devoted to the constitutional theory of our government, and the relations among the States. It prescribes very sound doctrine on Southern rights, though in rather a partisanship for a Presidential message; but while Mr. Pierce preaches well, he acts bad. To the patronage, which he has lavished upon the Sofas and Free-soilers of the North, we are in evident disagreement. The progress made by the pupils in the various departments of learning, reflected deserved honor upon the worthy principal and his assistants, by whose exertions the benefits of the Institution have been conferred upon many, who otherwise might have been in hopeless ignorance—especially those idiotic mutes, whose condition, under their present care, has been so greatly improved."

WE notice that a bill for the benefit of the Institution, appropriating the necessary means to complete the new building, has been introduced into the Legislature. We presume there is no doubt of its passage.

CONGRESS.—The Congressional proceedings of Tuesday embrace the latest news we have from the capitol. On that day another attempt was made to adopt the plurality rule, by a resolution proposing that should the next three ballots not secure an election, the roll should again be called, and the candidate who received the highest number of votes, provided he had a majority of a quorum, should be declared Speaker of the House. The resolution was laid on the table, by a majority of four. The House then resumed voting, and adjourned after the 11th ballot, which resulted as follows: Banks 93; Richardson 66; Fuller 33; Pennington 9 scattering 8—nearly a choice, 105.

AN ABOLITIONIST LYNCHED.—We learn from the Lexington papers that Joseph Brady, principal of one of the public schools in that city, was introduced to Judge Lynch on Friday night last, on which occasion his hair was shaved off, a coat of tar and varnish administered to his head and face, after which he was "sent on his way rejoicing." Brady, it appears, in return for the kindness and confidence of the people of Lexington, which they had exhibited by giving him a responsible and honorable position with a high salary, in their midst, was guilty of writing a letter full of abolitionism, to a paper in Oxford, Ohio, which letter on being republished in the Lexington Statesman, aroused the indignation of the people, and resulted in the summary punishment of the writer, as above stated.

CONVENTION OF OLD SOLDIERS.—A convention of the soldiers of 1812 met in Washington on the 8th inst. Over 200 delegates are reported to have present, representing Virginia, Kentucky, Mississippi, New York, Delaware, Pennsylvania, Maryland, District of Columbia, Wisconsin and Vermont. After their organization, they waited upon the President at the White House, to whom they were introduced by their President, Hon. Joel R. Sutherland, and by whom they were received in a cordial, frank and patriotic speech.

THE Convention, after transacting the business for which it was convened, adjourned on the 9th inst., to meet again in Washington City on the 8th of next January.

PROSCRIPTION LOW DOWNS.—The Pierce Administration will long be held in remembrance, but it will most certainly not be remembered for anything either great or good it has done for the country, but for its notorious indecency, its outrageous extravagance, and its "whole-sail and retail" proscription for opinion's sake. Not a man who holds office under the present administration dares to exhibit independence in politics, or intimate that he is American in sentiment, and prefers Americans to foreign Catholics or infidels for his rulers, but, presto change! off goes his head, and in its steps a Hail or Patrick to fill his shoes. It will be acknowledged, we presume, that party proscription has never, in any age of the government, been carried so far as it has by the Pierce administration, has never gotten so low down, has never been exercised in regard to such pretty trifles.

A Pandemonium at Night.

Babel could not have presented a more startling confusion of tongues than that which prevailed at the Convention during the night session. The "noise and confusion," the Tammany Hall uproars, of which we used to hear so much. To give our readers some idea of the "bation" (?) by which the proceedings were characterized, we quote from the description of the Convention given by the correspondent of the Louisville Courier, presuming that no one will accuse that paper of representing the State Convention of its new allies as worse than it really was:

THE DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.—"My eyes, what a row!"—The State Convention of the "harmonious Democracy," held at Frankfort last week, appears to have been a rich affair, rattling in "noise and confusion," the Tammany Hall uproars, of which we used to hear so much. To give our readers some idea of the "bation" (?) by which the proceedings were characterized, we quote from the description of the Convention given by the correspondent of the Louisville Courier, presuming that no one will accuse that paper of representing the State Convention of its new allies as worse than it really was:

DEFINING THEIR POSITIONS.

The proceedings in the National House of Representatives on Saturday last, were of a highly interesting character, owing to the fact that, agreeably to a resolution offered by Mr. ZOLLICKFON, the various candidates for Speaker, on that day defined their positions upon the leading questions by which the country is now agitated, and out of which differences of opinion have grown which threaten the peace and integrity of the Union.

We invite particular attention to the remarks of each candidate, which we give below, as reported by telegraph. Our readers will agree with us, we think, that the "rank Abolitionist, Fuller," for whom the National Americans are casting their votes, is the very soundest one of the whole list of candidates, and by far the most deserving of the support of true patriotic Union men. All honor to the gallant band of Americans who adhere to him!

Mr. RICHARDSON replied to the series of questions proposed by Mr. Zollieffon, as follows:

THE BELL BOYS WHIPPED.

Failing to get the Committee on resolutions to recommend Hon. Linn Boyd for the position, an attempt was made at a late hour last night, by his friends to establish the basis of voting upon the number of Democratic votes in the respective counties. This would have given Mr. Boyd great strength, as his friends reside in Jackson's Purchase and the Mountains, where the Democrats are almost unanimous. His resolution was voted, and was then rejected.

During its passage there was a terrible exhibition of democratic eloquence. Twenty men were speaking at once, and if they could not get the attention of the Chair, would address the meeting at random. Lucien Anderson, of Graves, pulled off his coat, and said that he must be heard—that there must be an expression of the Convention's sentiments. Other gentlemen defied their coats and cravats. Chairs and tables were mounted. Tammany Hall in its palmy days never presented such a Democratic pandemonium.

It is such an account is given by the reporter of the Courier, who would, of course, like to approve of everything the Democracy did, said or thought, what a scene that great conclave of Kentucky Sag Nights must have presented to the lookers on.

The result of the uproar was, that no preference for the Presidency was expressed. Resolutions "re-affirming the time-honored principles of Democracy," were adopted as usual. Messrs. B. L. Clarke, B. Magoffin, W. Preston, and J. C. Breckinridge were appointed delegates for the State at large to the National Convention, together with the usual number of delegates from each Congressional district. Those from this district are Col. J. H. Garrard, of this county, and Daniel P. White, of Green.

The Convention also appointed a full ticket for Electors of next President and Vice President of the United States. The Electors for the State at large are Elijah Hise, of Logan, and John C. Breckinridge, of Fayette; and for this district, Timoleon Cravens, of Adair, with Thomas P. Hill, of Lincoln, and Andrew Barnett, of Green, for assistants.

THE POSITION OF THE AMERICANS IN CONGRESS.—Hon. A. K. MARSHALL, in a letter to the Lexington Observer, shows very clearly who are responsible for the non-organization of the House. He says:

"We have not the power to elect a Democrat even if we wished to do so. We cannot vote with us to that party, the scattering voters which never have as yet voted with us, some of them members of our order. ... Let us then re-organize the House at any time by voting with us and we cannot by voting with them. They are, and should be held responsible for the unhappy condition of things here, and if it should happen that Banks is elected, that sin, and a most grievous one it will be, will lie at their doors."

Mr. PENNINGTON was then called for, loudly.

Mr. BUCHANAN was then called out, and a promising candidate as himself would be required to define his position. He was outside of the triangle. [Laughter.] He most respectfully declined to make any reply, but would do so when the House seriously intended to make use of his name in connection with the speakership. It was no consequence what were the individual opinions of the presiding officer.

Mr. BARKSDALE was then called out, and a promising candidate as himself would be required to define his position. He was outside of the triangle. [Laughter.] He most respectfully declined to make any reply, but would do so when the House seriously intended to make use of his name in connection with the speakership. It was no consequence what were the individual opinions of the presiding officer.

Mr. BARKSDALE advanced toward Mr. Bennett and excitedly inquired: "Do you intend to cast your vote in the election?" Hurrl it back with scorn and contempt!"

Mr. KENNEDY would like to know whether either of the candidates believe in a future state, and provided each answer in the affirmative, he desired to know whether in a free or slave state. [Excessive laughter.]

Mr. BARKSDALE advanced toward Mr. Bennett and excitedly inquired: "Do you intend to cast your vote in the election?" Hurrl it back with scorn and contempt!"

Mr. KENNEDY. No difficulty in or out of the Hall shall intimidate me. I say to the House that my suggestions were merely popular.

Mr. BARKSDALE. I treat it with scorn and contempt, sir."

Mr. BARKSDALE finally rose.

Mr. RICHARDSON replied negatively to Mr. Barksdale's query excepting the last.

Mr. BANKS, in answering Mr. Barksdale's interrogatories, preferred doing so in his own way, leaving the gentlemen to draw their own inferences. He was nominated by Democratic and Americans—the latter being the larger portion of his district—and by them elected. He referred to the election of 1840, in view of the national tariff. He had adopted the maxim of Jenkins. "It is unfortunate for a man to spend any considerable time commenting on his own work." [Laughter.] As to the equality of the white and black races by legislation? He believed in the language of the Declaration of Independence—"That all men are created free and equal." He had adopted the idea that the weaker will be will be absorbed in the stronger, that the universal law of nature, but together the white or black race is superior and would absorb the other who would wait for the full development of the future. [Laughter and cries of "Good."] As to the other questions propounded, they were subordinate to that of prohibiting slavery in Kansas. He would not ask any man what he thought of this or that measure, but would unite all to interdict slavery in the Territories.

Mr. FULLER was then called out, and a promising candidate as himself would be required to define his position.

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Mr. Solomon G. Farson, has been chosen a delegate to the American National Convention from Erie county, New York, with instructions to vote for Mr. Fillmore. This is the county in which Mr. Fillmore resides.

Horses in California are becoming very dear. The price of a good dry horse ranges from \$400 to \$600; a good common road horse \$600; a "scrab" that can "go it" in three minutes \$1,000—and every second under adds a couple of hundred dollars. There are probably three hundred fast horses kept at livery in San Francisco, ranging from \$500 to \$1,000 in value. A pair of carriage horses cost \$2,000.

"KEEP AWAY FROM NEW ORLEANS."—The New York Tribune learns from a correspondent at New Orleans that there is a prodigious influx of young men—clerks—who can find nothing to do. For example, an advertisement for a clerk I caught, in less than a day, five hundred and seventy-one applicants. Under these circumstances, the Tribune advises young commercial men to keep away from New Orleans, as the market is overstocked.

FOREIGN ITEMS.—A correspondent of the Times, in commenting upon the progress of Irish agriculture, states that, during the past fourteen years, the value of farm stock in Ireland has increased from £22,000,000 to £25,000,000 sterling, and that the number of horned cattle has risen from 2,000,000 to 3,000,000, while the quality has correspondingly improved. Still, however, of the 20,000,000 of acres which Ireland comprises only about one-fourth is under direct tillage, and fully one-third in pasture.

In Sweden a man who is seen four times drunk is deprived of his vote at elections, and the next Sunday after the fourth offence is exposed in the church-yard.

The New York Herald contains tables of accidents on railroads and steam-boats for 1855, also of losses by fire for the same year, from which the following is compiled:

The number of accidents on railroads involving loss of life 142, by which 116 persons were killed and 530 wounded. The accidents in 1854 were 193; the killed 136, and the wounded 539.

The number of steamboat accidents is 207, by which 176 were killed and 107 wounded. The accidents in 1854 were 43; killed 537, wounded 225.

The aggregate of fires at which property equal to and upwards of \$20,000 was destroyed is 196, against 223 the year previous; and the aggregate loss by the same is \$13,049,000, against \$20,576,000 in 1854. The number of lives lost by fires in 1855, 119 against 191 the previous year.

STOVES! STOVES!

I. B. ERKEL'S Copper, Tin, and Sheet-Iron Ware ESTABLISHMENT.

The undersigned has received a fine stock of the most approved patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Office, Tea-Plate and other STOVES.

To which he invites the attention of the public; his stock embraces a sufficient variety of both Coal and Wood Stoves, to suit every taste, and all of the finer castings. They will be sold on very reasonable terms.

COOPER AND TINWARE

Of every description. Copper Preserving and Tea Kettles, made to order in the best style.

Purchasers of Stoves or Tinware will find it to their interest to examine my stock and learn my prices before buying elsewhere.

House Guttering either in town or country attended to promptly, at fair prices.

Shop on Main street, opposite the Grace Bank.

I. R. ERKEL.

Danville, Oct. 19, '55.

CABINET MAKING.

JONA. NICHOLS

RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he will continue the Cabinet

Making business in all its branches, at the late stand of Nod & Nichols, (the old Speed shop,) opposite the Court House. All kinds of

Furniture, Mattresses, &c.

Will be made to order, of the best materials, on short notice. REPAIRING also promptly attended to. He hopes by giving strict attention to his business, by good workmanship and moderate charges, to merit and receive a considerable number of patronage.

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